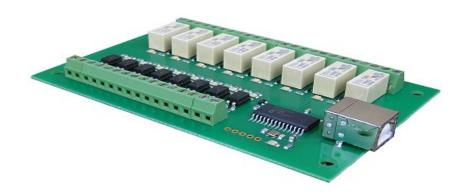
# USB-OPTO-RLY88, 8 optically Isolated Inputs, 8 Relay Outputs Technical Documentation



#### **Overview**

The USB-OPTO-RLY88 provides eight optically isolated inputs and eight volt free contact relay outputs with a current rating of up to 1Amp each. It is powered from any standard USB bus and has an exceptionally low maximum current consumption of approx. 90mA with all relays on. The relays are SPCO (Single Pole Change Over) types. The normally open, normally closed and common pins are all available on the screw terminals.

#### **Specification**

USB - Standard type B receptacle.

Inputs - Absolute Max. 30v DC, Operational 4.5v to 27v DC

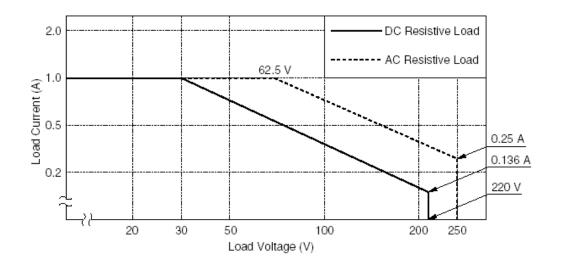
Outputs - Relay Contacts, see power graph below

#### **LED Indication**

Each of the eight input channels has a Green LED to indicate the input status. Each relay output has a Red LED to indicate the relay status. Also power status is indicated with an LED driven from the USB supply.

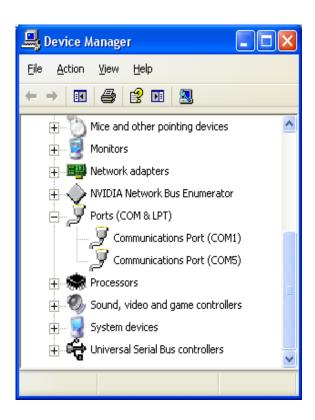
## **Relay power rating**

If the contact load voltage and current of the relay are in the region enclosed by the solid and dotted lines in the figure below, the relay can perform stable switching operation. If the relay is used at a voltage or current exceeding this region, the life of the contacts may be significantly shortened.



#### Which COM port?

After installing the drivers, and plugging in the USB-OPTO-RLY88 module to a spare USB port, you will want to know which COM port it has been assigned to. This will vary from system to system depending on how many COM ports you currently have installed. To find out where it is, right click on your "My Computer" desktop icon and select "Properties->Hardware->Device Manager". Now scroll down and open the "Ports (COM & LPT)" tab. You should see the USB serial port listed - COM5 in the example below. If you want to change the COM port number - just right click on it, select properties, select advanced and select the COM port number from the available list. The COM port default will probably be set up for 9600 baud, 8 data bits, no parity and one stop bits, but what ever it is just ignore it. These settings are not actually used because we have a full 12Mbits USB connection right into the heart of the processor.



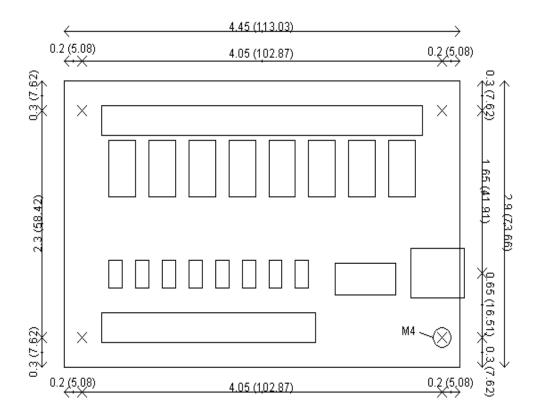
# **Commands**

The USB-OPTO-RLY88 operates with an easy to use command set as described in the table below. Most commands are only a single byte and if applicable the USB-OPTO-RLY88 will automatically send its response. The only exception to this being the "Set relay states" command which requires and additional desired states byte to be sent immediately after the command byte.

105	69	Turn relay 5 on
106	6A	Turn relay 6 on
107	6B	Turn relay 7 on
108	6C	Turn relay 8 on
110	6E	All relays off
111	6F	Turn relay 1 off
112	70	Turn relay 2 off
113	71	Turn relay 3 off
114	72	Turn relay 4 off
115	73	Turn relay 5 off
116	74	Turn relay 6 off
117	75	Turn relay 7 off
118	76	Turn relay 8 off
56	38	Debugge 0 A COM about the White is an O digit als believed as identified No to a solutional beautiful
30	38	Returns 8 ASCII characters. This is an 8-digit globally unique identifier. No two modules will share this.
30	38	
90	5A	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version
		Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered
90	5A	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version  Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered  Set relay states - the next single byte will set all relays states, All on = 255 (11111111) All off = 0
90	5A 5B	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered
90 91 92	5A 5B 5C	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version  Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered  Set relay states - the next single byte will set all relays states, All on = 255 (11111111) All off = 0
90 91 92 100	5A 5B 5C 64	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version  Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered  Set relay states - the next single byte will set all relays states, All on = 255 (11111111) All off = 0  All relays on
90 91 92 100 101	5A 5B 5C 64 65	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version  Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered  Set relay states - the next single byte will set all relays states, All on = 255 (11111111) All off = 0  All relays on  Turn relay 1 on
90 91 92 100 101 102	5A 5B 5C 64 65 66	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version  Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered  Set relay states - the next single byte will set all relays states, All on = 255 (11111111) All off = 0  All relays on  Turn relay 1 on  Turn relay 2 on
90 91 92 100 101 102 103	5A 5B 5C 64 65 66	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version  Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered  Set relay states - the next single byte will set all relays states, All on = 255 (11111111) All off = 0  All relays on  Turn relay 1 on  Turn relay 2 on  Turn relay 3 on
90 91 92 100 101 102 103 104	5A 5B 5C 64 65 66 67 68	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version  Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered  Set relay states - the next single byte will set all relays states, All on = 255 (11111111) All off = 0  All relays on  Turn relay 1 on  Turn relay 2 on  Turn relay 3 on  Turn relay 4 on
90 91 92 100 101 102 103	5A 5B 5C 64 65 66	Get software version - returns 2 bytes, the first being the Module ID which is 12, followed by the software version  Get relay states - sends a single byte back to the controller, bit high meaning the corresponding relay is powered  Set relay states - the next single byte will set all relays states, All on = 255 (11111111) All off = 0  All relays on  Turn relay 1 on  Turn relay 2 on  Turn relay 3 on

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114	72	Turn relay 4 off
115	73	Turn relay 5 off
116	74	Turn relay 6 off
117	75	Turn relay 7 off
118	76	Turn relay 8 off

### **Board dimensions**



# Test program and example source code

To get the USB-OPTO-RLY88 up and running in the minimum amount of time we have put together an example program to demonstrate the functionality of the module.

